### December 2019 Semi-Annual Progress Report, Selecting and Designing of Groundwater Corrective Action Remedy

Intermountain Generating Facility Delta, Utah



#### Prepared for:

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Project No.: 203709098

December 19, 2019

### Sign-off Sheet and Signatures of Environmental Professionals

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY December 19, 2019

### 1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

#### 1.1 BACKGROUND

On behalf of Intermountain Power Service Corporation ("IPSC"), Stantec Consulting Services Inc. ("Stantec") has prepared this progress report to summarize recent investigative activities designed to further assess corrective measures required by the United States Environmental Protection Agency's 2015 Hazardous and Solid Waste Management System; Disposal of Coal Combustion Residuals (CCR) from Electric Utilities, 40 CFR 257 Subpart D (the "Federal CCR Rule")(and the corresponding Utah CCR Rule at Utah Admin. Code R315-319 (the "State CCR Rule")(collectively, the "CCR Rules")). The activities summarized herein were proposed and outlined in detail within IPSC's January 2019 Annual Groundwater Monitoring and Corrective Action Summary Report; IPSC's January 2019 Assessment of Corrective Measures and Amended Corrective Action Plan report; and IPSC's June 2019 Semi-Annual Progress Report, Selecting and Designing of Groundwater Corrective Action Remedy report.

The historical reports presented IPSC's approach for addressing requirements specified by the State and Federal CCR Rule as well as the facility's Utah Department of Environmental Quality ("UDEQ"), Division of Water Quality ("DWQ") Groundwater Discharge Permit No. UGW270004. The most recent permit renewal was issued by the UDEQ to IPSC's Intermountain Generating Facility ("IGF"), effective May 24, 2016.

The DWQ has regulatory oversight for IPSC's compliance with its Groundwater Discharge Permit. The UDEQ Division of Waste Management and Radiation Control ("DWMRC") also has regulatory oversight pursuant to the State CCR Rule, under which DWMRC will be issuing a separate permit for the CCR Units. The CCR Rules apply to each of IPSC's three (3) CCR units (reference Figures 1 and 2 for regional and site-specific, location maps):

- Combustion By-Products Landfill ("CB Landfill");
- Bottom Ash Basin: and
- Waste Water Basin.

As reported in IPSC's historical reports, groundwater in localized, down-gradient directions in relation to the Bottom Ash Basin and the Waste Water Basin (surface impoundments) contains Total Dissolved Solids (TDS). IPSC is implementing a groundwater monitoring and recovery program, currently. Supplemental monitoring wells have been installed in sequential phases during April-May 2019 and November-December 2019 to help define more definitively the down-gradient, leading edges and centers of mass of the two TDS plumes. The 2019 monitoring and analytical data are being evaluated to expand IPSC's current groundwater recovery well network in pursuit of TDS plume control.

As reported within IPSC's January 2019 Assessment of Corrective Measures and Amended Corrective Action Plan report, three metal constituents (arsenic, lithium, and molybdenum) were also quantified at localized areas within wells located immediately adjacent to the two surface



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY December 19, 2019

impoundment boundaries. Statistical analyses to date indicate that the metals are localized at the boundaries of the two surface impoundments.

Although it is documented throughout Utah and in close proximity to the site that arsenic and lithium can be present naturally at elevated concentrations, IPSC will continue monitoring metal concentrations in groundwater as part of its routine groundwater monitoring program. As supplemental water quality data is generated, potential contaminants such as metals will be evaluated through statistical analysis, in accordance with CCR Rule requisites.

Groundwater quality data to date indicate that TDS has migrated farther down-gradient of the two surface impoundments than the metal constituents located near the impoundment boundaries. TDS is expected to continue to migrate at a faster rate than dissolved metals in the clay-rich aquifer that underlies the property. TDS is being used as the leading indicator parameter of impacted groundwater quality for fashioning a suitable groundwater remediation approach, as the recovery of TDS-impacted groundwater at select recovery wells will also intercept metal constituents that might be present.

#### 1.2 PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

IPSC implemented a sequential, groundwater quality investigative program during 2019 to refine IPSC's current Conceptual Site Model (CSM) and understanding of hydraulic conditions characterizing localized portions of the uppermost aquifer beneath the site. Six wells were installed and sampled during the Spring of 2019, the analytical results of which were then used to help locate 10 additional wells that were installed during the Fall of 2019. The sequenced, investigative approach helped delineate more definitively the physical characteristics and footprints of the TDS groundwater plumes located down-gradient (generally southwest) of the surface impoundments.

In summary, a total of 16 new, 6-inch diameter, groundwater monitoring/recovery wells were installed during 2019, such that each well might be used as a groundwater recovery well if needed. Some wells were located to provide better identification of the two TDS plumes' respective, down-gradient, leading edges. Other wells were located within outer edges and/or middle areas within the two TDS plumes to provide more definition regarding the plumes' centers of TDS mass.

Summary 2019 activities included:

1) During April and May 2019, IPSC expanded the network of monitoring/recovery wells intended to monitor and control the down-gradient (predominantly southwest), leading edge of the TDS plume associated with historical releases from the Bottom Ash Basin, through installation of supplemental monitoring (remediation, if needed) wells BAC-8, BAC-9, and BAC-10 (reference Figure 3).



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY December 19, 2019

- 2) During April and May 2019, IPSC expanded the network of monitoring/recovery wells in apparent down-gradient directions (predominantly southwest) in relation to recently discovered, apparent release areas (west and south sides) at the Waste Water Basin, through installation of supplemental monitoring (remediation, if needed) wells WWC-8, WWC-9, and WWC-10.
  - The drilling and installation activities associated with the six wells installed during April-May 2019 were discussed in detail, including drilling logs and well schematic diagrams, within IPSC's June 2019 Semi-Annual Progress Report. At the time of preparation of the June 2019 report; however, laboratory result reports had not been received by IPSC. Reference Figures 3 and 5 for a groundwater flow map and a TDS iso-concentration map, based on results of the May 2019 monitoring/sampling event. Monitoring and analytical results are tabulated in Attachment 1 herein.
- 3) The April/May 2019 results associated with sampling and monitoring of all CCR Rule monitoring wells at the site, including the six wells installed during April-May 2019, were reviewed and used to help identify data-gap areas where supplemental TDS plume delineation was deemed warranted. Ten (10) supplemental monitoring/recovering wells (wells BAC-11 through BAC-17 and wells WWC-11 through WWC-13) were drilled and installed during November and December 2019 (reference Figure 4 for an October 2019 groundwater flow map).
  - The ten new wells are being developed presently at the time of preparation of this report and will be sampled in early 2020. Figure 6 presents TDS iso-concentration data associated with all other wells that were sampled during the October 2019 groundwater sampling event.
- 4) Currently, Stantec is conducting conceptual design of a network of groundwater recovery wells, designed to focus recovery of groundwater near the down-gradient, leading edges of the two TDS plumes, thereby enhancing current groundwater recovery operations. Following IPSC review and comment on the conceptual design, the project will be advanced to a Pre-Final (90-percent) level design.

Although the TDS plumes pose little to no risk to human health or the environment at the present and foreseeable time, IPSC anticipates initiating construction of the expanded groundwater recovery network as soon as practicable, such that installation of the expanded system might be initiated sometime during mid-2020. It is anticipated that the analytical results associated with IPSC's proposed-Spring 2020 sampling of all CCR Rule compliance wells, including the ten wells that were installed during November-December 2019, may also influence what, if any, additional monitoring wells and recovery wells might be necessary in pursuit of TDS plume delineation and control.



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IPSC has prepared this report to "provide a semi-annual summary describing the progress in selecting and designing a (groundwater) remedy," as specified by UDEQ Rule R315-319-97(a). IPSC and Stantec have been reviewing historical groundwater quality data to delineate the two TDS plumes and decide how best to enhance groundwater recovery and TDS plume control through expanding the existing groundwater recovery well network. In summary, a total of 16 groundwater monitoring/recovery wells were installed during 2019 toward refinement of IPSC's CSM and better delineation of the two TDS plumes.

This report provides summary details regarding investigative activities conducted subsequent to activities reported within IPSC's June 2019 *Semi-Annual Progress Report*. This report details IPSC's November-December 2019 installation of monitoring/recovery wells BAC-11 through BAC-17 and WWC-11 through WWC-13, including drilling logs and well schematic diagrams. The report includes updated TDS iso-concentration maps and groundwater flow maps associated with all available 2019 water level measurement data, as of the May 2019 and October 2019 monitoring events.



NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER 2019 GROUNDWATER MONITORING/RECOVERY WELL INSTALLATIONS December 19, 2019

### 2.0 NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER 2019 GROUNDWATER MONITORING/RECOVERY WELL INSTALLATIONS

Figure 5 presents a TDS iso-concentration map superimposed atop a groundwater potentiometric/flow map, based on the May 2019 groundwater monitoring well network. Analysis of the analytical results and groundwater flow patterns was used to help locate the BAC-11 through BAC-17 and WWC-11 through WWC-13 monitoring/recovery wells that were installed and developed during November and December 2019.

Stantec oversaw the drilling, soil screening, installation, and development of groundwater monitoring/recovery wells BAC-11 through BAC-17 and wells WWC-11 through WWC-13 at the site by Cascade Drilling, LP of Salt Lake City, Utah, a Utah-certified, water well drilling firm. Each well was installed and developed in similar fashion as previous, historical wells at the site.

The 10 new wells were drilled by the sonic drilling method, whereby soil samples were collected continuously in 10-feet, sampling intervals for continuous, real-time visual inspection and Drill Log recording of subsurface soil lithologic and moisture characteristics. Stantec's field geologists screened and logged all soil samples during drilling of each of the ten well borings. All downhole drilling and sampling equipment were decontaminated before use between well locations.

In turn, the subsurface soil data were used to help determine respective ground water monitoring well construction details. Typically, once each boring was advanced approximately 20 to 25 feet into the uppermost saturated soils, a monitoring well was constructed within each respective borehole. Each groundwater monitoring/recovery well was comprised of 6-inch diameter, flush-threaded, Schedule 40 polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe with a solid, PVC end-cap. The bottom 25 feet of each well was comprised of 6-inch diameter, flush-threaded, 0.02-slotted, Schedule 40 PVC well screen.

Following installation of each well, 16/30 washed, silica sand was emplaced around the well screen from the bottom of the borehole to an approximate height of several feet above the top of the well screen interval. An approximate five to seven feet thick, bentonite pellet seal was added on top of the sand pack material. Then, a cement-bentonite (typically, 10:1 ratio) grout was tremie-slurried from the top of the bentonite pellet seal to an approximate height of two feet below grade. A 5-ft. long, 6-inch diameter, steel, protective casing/monument was emplaced in concrete around each wellhead, with an approximate 2.5-ft. stick-up above natural grade. Each PVC well was furnished with a locking, expandable well cap and lock.

During December 2019, the ground surface and the top of each wellhead will be surveyed in relation to one another and the same on-site, mean sea level benchmark used for surveying the tops of other historical monitoring wells. Table 1 presents a summary of all groundwater monitoring well construction specific details. Copies of Stantec's Drilling Logs and Schematic Well Diagrams associated with the 10 new wells are presented in Appendix A.



ONGOING CORRECTIVE ACTIONS AND PROGRESS TOWARD SELECTING ADDITIONAL GROUNDWATER CORRECTIVE ACTION REMEDY

December 19, 2019

## 3.0 ONGOING CORRECTIVE ACTIONS AND PROGRESS TOWARD SELECTING ADDITIONAL GROUNDWATER CORRECTIVE ACTION REMEDY

### 3.1 ONGOING GROUNDWATER RECOVERY AT EXISTING RECOVERY WELLS WR-101, WR-102, AND WR-103

IPSC intends to continue operation of existing groundwater recovery wells WR-101, WR-102, and WR-103 identified on Figure 3. The three wells are recovering groundwater that contains elevated concentrations of TDS, located in relatively close proximity to the apparent historical TDS release areas associated with the Bottom Ash Basin. Wells WR-102 and WR-103 are located generally along the apparent TDS plume centerline, as explained in detail in IPSC's 2016 Updated Corrective Action Plan. Continued removal of TDS-enriched groundwater from each of these three wells is helping reduce the total mass of TDS within the uppermost aquifer beneath the site in a generalized down-gradient/southwesterly direction in relation to the Bottom Ash Basin.

### 3.2 SUMMARY OF ONGOING ACTIONS ASSOCIATED WITH SELECTION OF FINAL GROUNDWATER REMEDY

Currently, Stantec is providing advisory services to IPSC, related to alternative, conceptual design options for enhanced TDS plume control and associated groundwater recovery. Conceptual design elements include, for instance:

- Finalizing basis of design;
- Process flow diagram supported by a hydraulic pumping and conveyance model;
- Preliminary piping and instrumentation (P&ID) drawings;
- Typical recovery well completion detail; and
- Finalized location of wells.

Following IPSC review and comment on the preliminary design, the project will be advanced to a Pre-Final (90-percent) level design. The Pre-Final Design (PFD) will build upon the deliverables associated with the preliminary design and will include the following:

- Finalized PFD of the system;
- Finalized P&IDs:
- Finalized hydraulic model of the pumping and conveyance system;



ONGOING CORRECTIVE ACTIONS AND PROGRESS TOWARD SELECTING ADDITIONAL GROUNDWATER CORRECTIVE ACTION REMEDY December 19, 2019

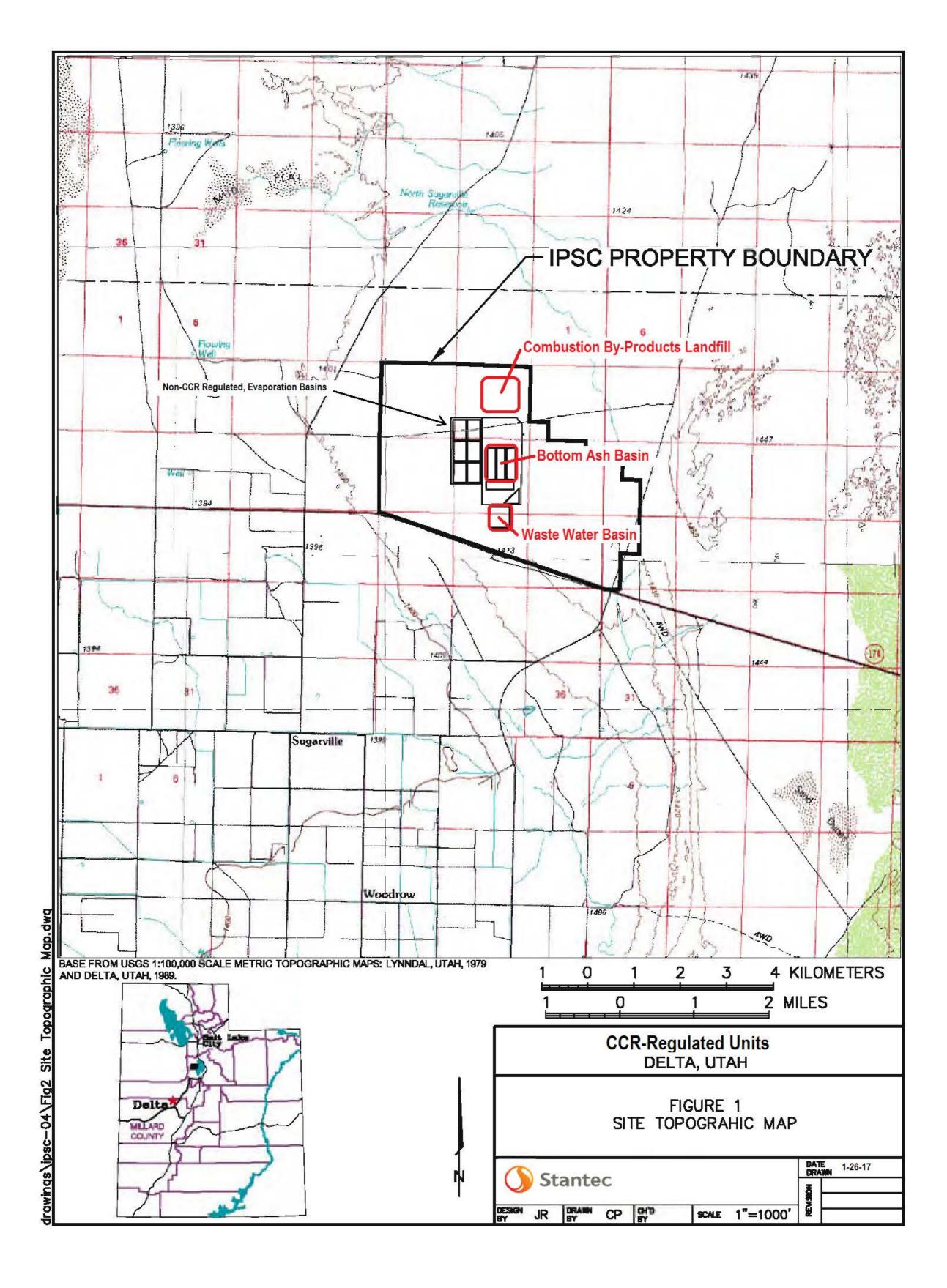
- Typical design details for the recovery wells and surface completions;
- Underground yard piping;
- Control philosophy for the system;
- Electrical single-line and termination drawings; and
- Equipment and construction specifications.

Following evaluation of the forthcoming remedial design, IPSC intends to initiate groundwater recovery to control the migration of the TDS plumes down-gradient of the surface impoundments. Upon implementation of the enhanced groundwater recovery and monitoring program proposed in this report, IPSC will evaluate the degree to which groundwater recovery and natural attenuation processes control the down-gradient leading edges of the two TDS plumes. IPSC also intends to evaluate potential, alternative means for ongoing enhancement of remediating TDS mass from the uppermost aquifer beneath the site. IPSC will continue to conduct and report to the UDEQ its routine, semi-annual, groundwater monitoring and remediation program in formal Summary Reports.



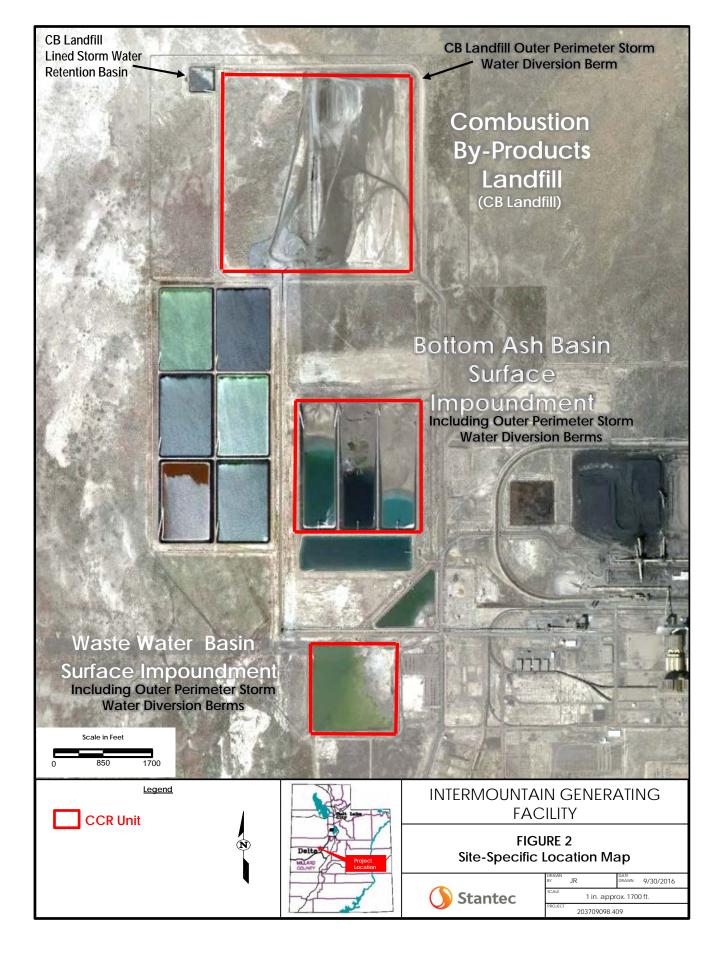
December 19, 2019

Figure 1 General Site Location Map



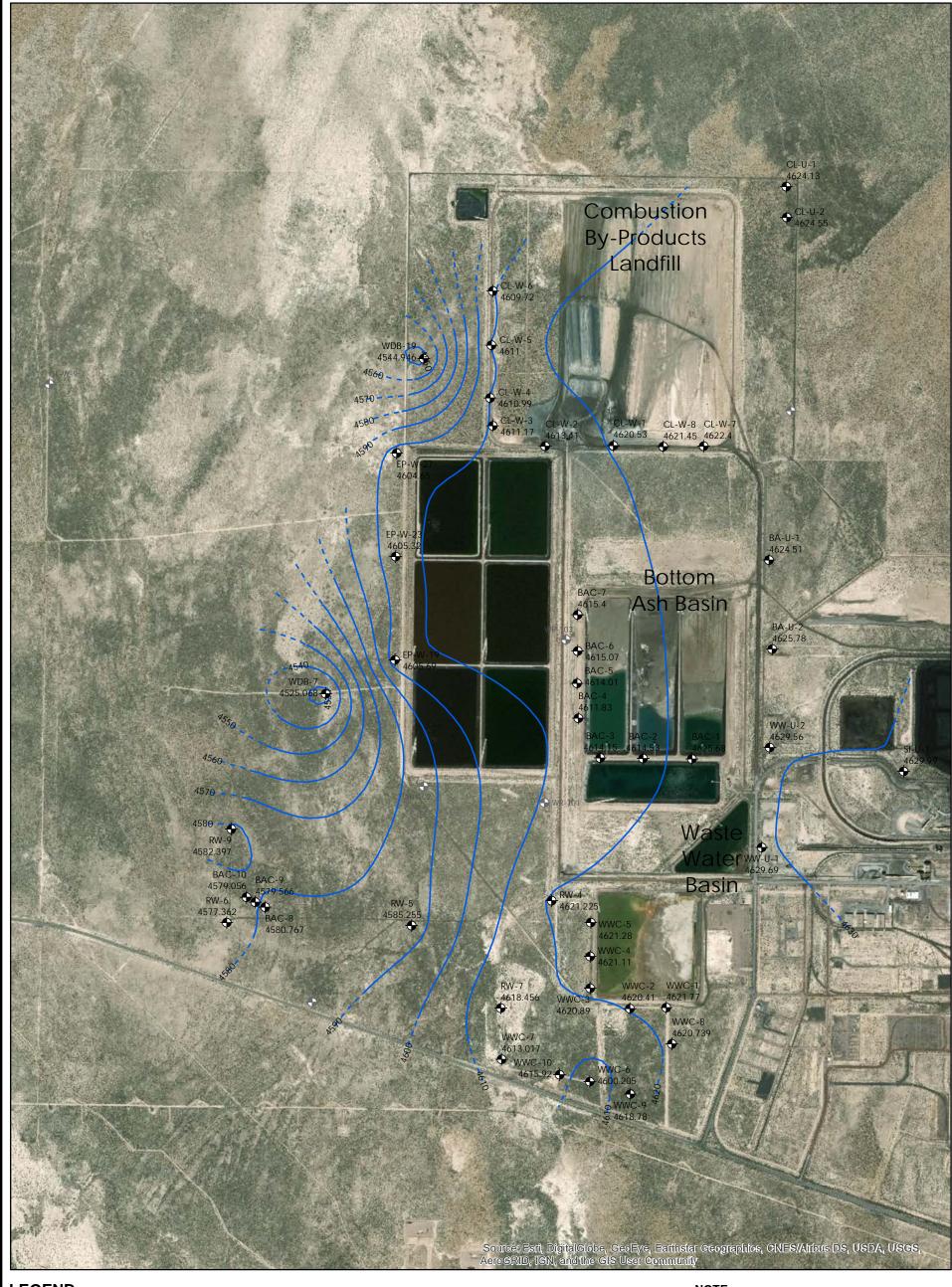
December 19, 2019

Figure 2. CCR Units Location Map



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Figure 3 May 2019 Groundwater Flow Map



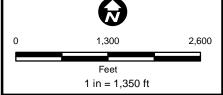
### **LEGEND:**

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◆ MONITORING WELL (GREYED WHEN NOT USED FOR CONTOURING)

✓ GROUNDWATER CONTOUR

- 1) DATA COLLECTED JUNE 2018 2) ALL ELEVATIONS ARE FEET ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL





INTERMOUNTAIN POWER SERVICE CORP. INTERMOUNTAIN GENERATION FACILITY DELTA, UTAH

MAY 20, 2019 POTENTIOMETRIC MAP AND **GROUNDWATER FLOW MAP**  FIGURE:

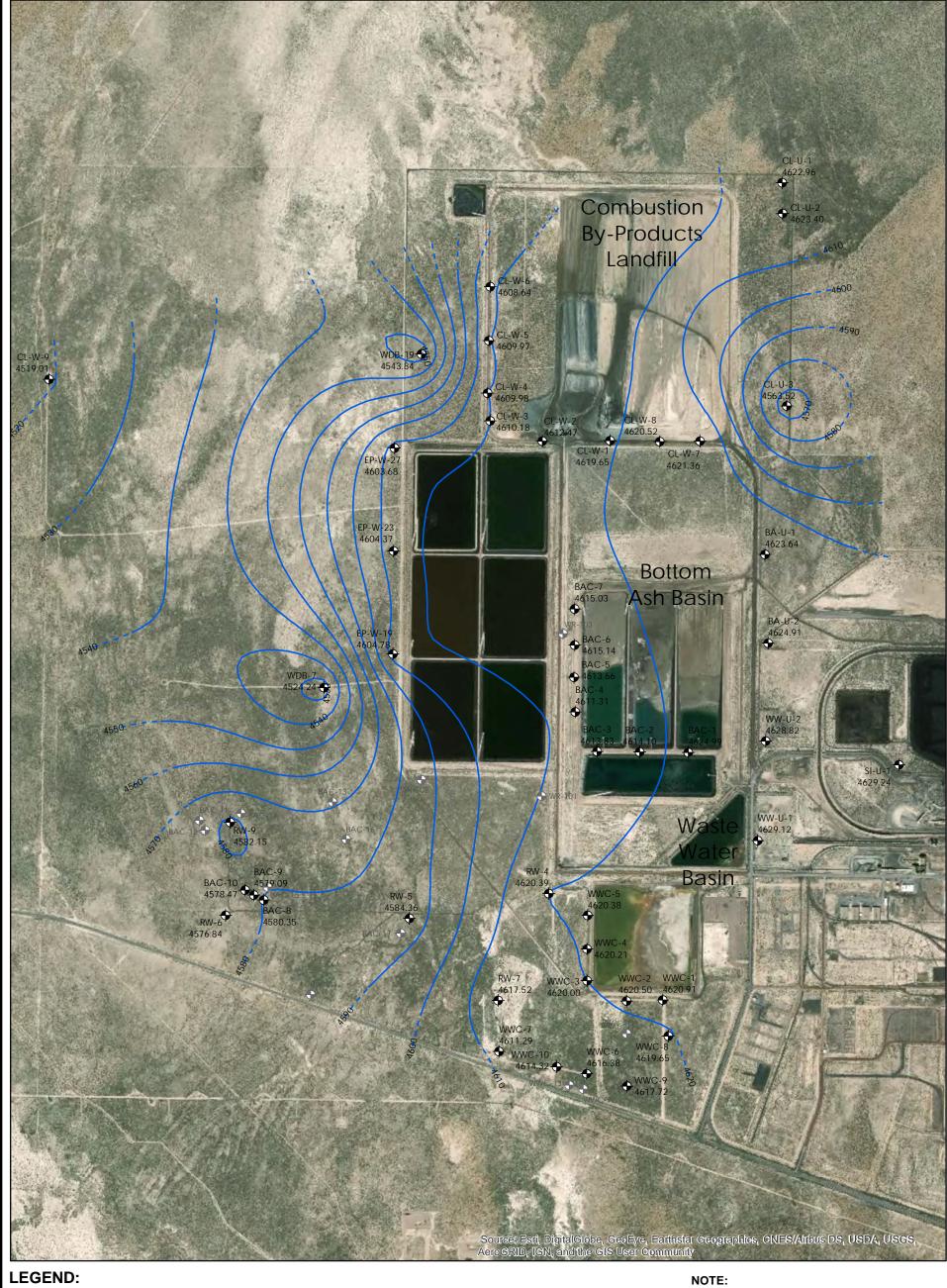
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APPROVED BY: DATE:

07/24/19

December 19, 2019

Figure 4 October 2019 Groundwater Flow Map



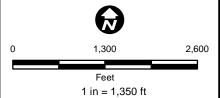
MONITORING WELL (GREYED WHEN NOT USED FOR CONTOURING)

4617.52 GROUNDWATER ELEVATION

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✓ GROUNDWATER CONTOUR

1) DATA COLLECTED OCTOBER 2019 2) ALL ELEVATIONS ARE FEET ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL





INTERMOUNTAIN POWER SERVICE CORP.
INTERMOUNTAIN GENERATION FACILITY
DELTA, UTAH

OCTOBER 10, 2019 POTENTIOMETRIC MAP AND GROUNDWATER FLOW MAP FIGURE:

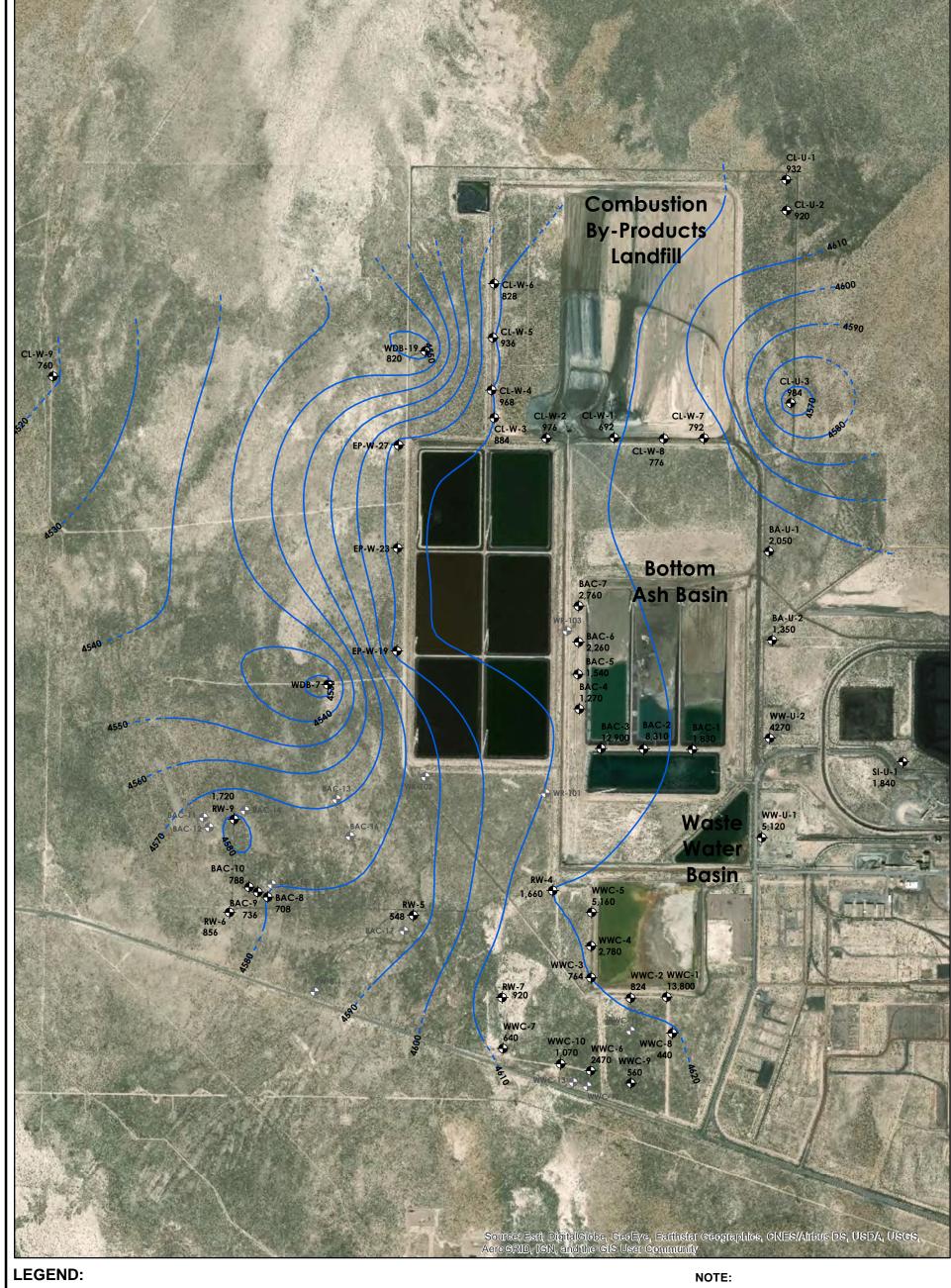
12/18/19

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December 19, 2019

Figure 5 May 2019 TDS Results



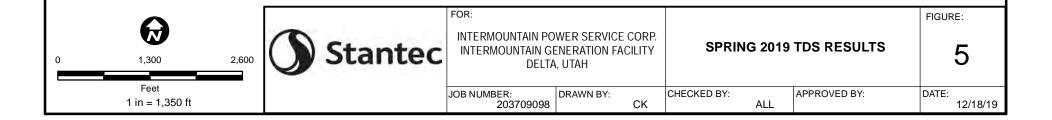
MONITORING WELL (GREYED WHEN NOT USED FOR CONTOURING)

718 TDS RESULT (parts per million-ppm)

✓ GROUNDWATER CONTOUR

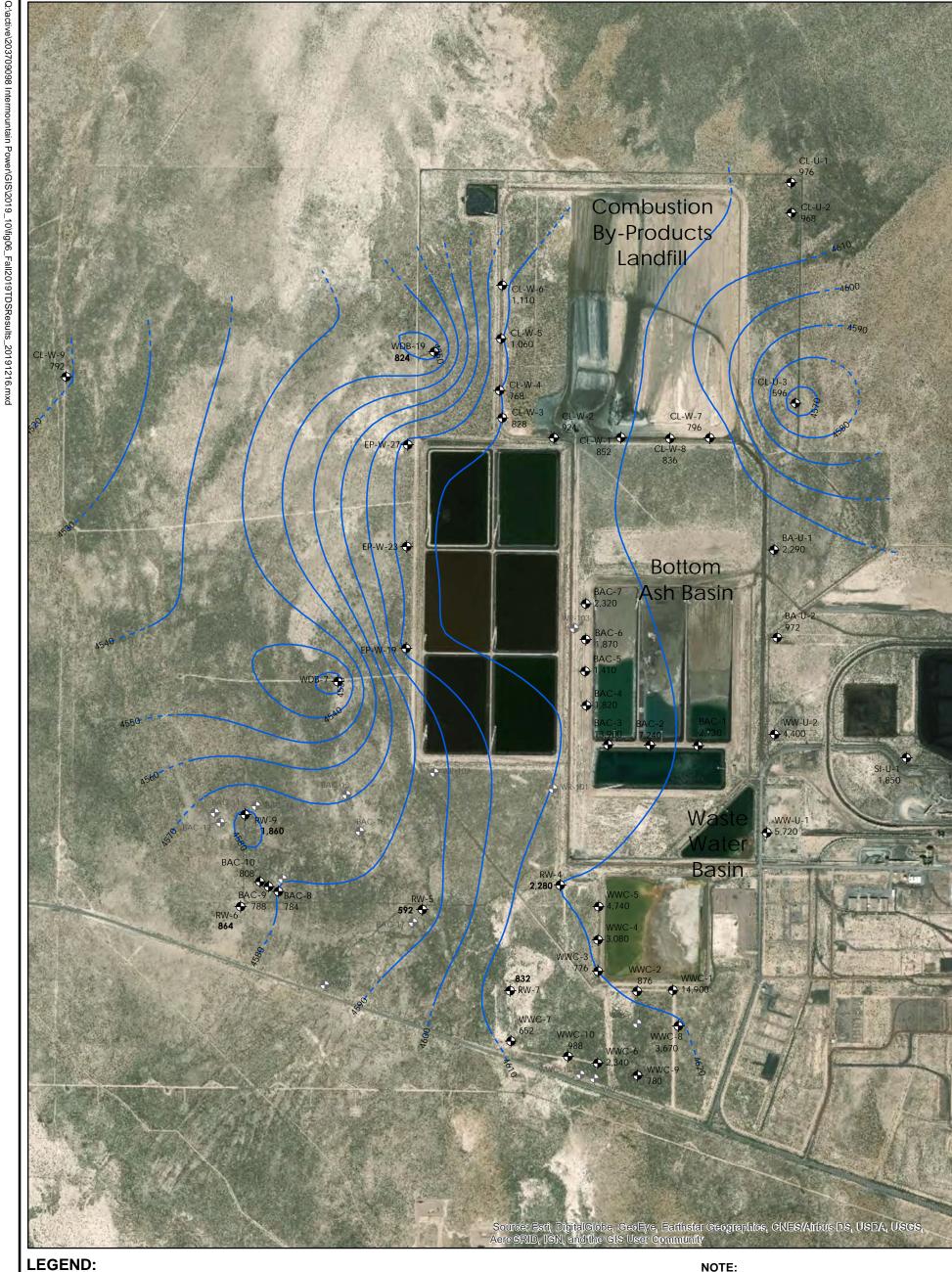
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1) DATA COLLECTED SPRING 2019 2) ALL ELEVATIONS ARE FEET ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL



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Figure 6 October TDS Results



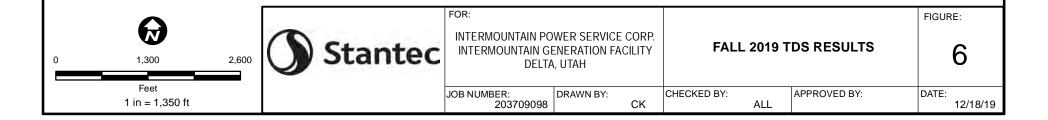
MONITORING WELL (GREYED WHEN NOT USED FOR CONTOURING)

TDS RESULT (parts per million-ppm)

GROUNDWATER CONTOUR

### NOTE:

1) DATA COLLECTED FALL 2019 2) ALL ELEVATIONS ARE FEET ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL



December 19, 2019

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TABLE 1		D K/K )KILLK )DIKK - \//FLL	. CONSTRUCTION DETAILS
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Table 1
WELL CONSTRUCTION SUMMARY
Intermountain Generating Facility
Delta, Utah

MONITOR WELL I.D.	DATE COMPLETED	WELL DIAMETER / MATERIAL	TOTAL DEPTH (feet BGS)	WELL SCREENING INTERVAL (feet BGS)	TOP OF PVC CASING ELEVATION (feet MSL*)
	Со	mbustion By-Prod	ducts Landfill W	ells	
CLW-1	5/12/2015	4-inch PVC	65	55-65	4653.46
CLW-2	5/14/2015	4-inch PVC	80	70-80	4648.17
CLW-3	5/13/2015	4-inch PVC	80	70-80	4644.03
CLW-4	5/26/2015	4-inch PVC	82	72-82	4642.88
CLW-5	7/27/2015	4-inch PVC	82	72-82	4640.99
CLW-6	7/26/2015	4-inch PVC	88	78-88	4639.63
CLW-7	7/24/2015	4-inch PVC	72	52-72	4659.34
CLW-8	7/24/2015	4-inch PVC	72	62-72	4655.63
CLW-9	3/25/2018	4-inch PVC	97	87-97	4555.98
CL-U-1	7/23/2015	4-inch PVC	80	68-78	4657.48
CL-U-2	7/22/2015	4-inch PVC	80	70-80	4663.48
CL-U-3	3/27/2018	4-inch PVC	77	67-77	4606.01
		Bottom Ash I	Basin Wells		
BAC-1	7/31/2015	4-inch PVC	70	60-70	4668.70
BAC-2	7/29/2015	4-inch PVC	65	55-65	4668.72
BAC-3	7/28/2015	4-inch PVC	72	52-72	4668.84
BAC-4	8/10/2015	4-inch PVC	75	55-75	4649.45
BAC-5	8/9/2015	4-inch PVC	68	58-68	4649.67
BAC-6	8/8/2015	4-inch PVC	65	55-65	4648.15
BAC-7	8/7/2015	4-inch PVC	67	57-68	4650.09
BAC-8	4/29/2019	6-inch PVC	77	52-77	4626.42
BAC-9	5/1/2019	6-inch PVC	77	52-77	4626.27
BAC-10	5/3/2019	6-inch PVC	87	62-87	4626.27

Table 1 WELL CONSTRUCTION SUMMARY Intermountain Generating Facility Delta, Utah

MONITOR WELL I.D.	DATE COMPLETED	WELL DIAMETER / MATERIAL	TOTAL DEPTH (feet BGS)	WELL SCREENING INTERVAL (feet BGS)	TOP OF PVC CASING ELEVATION (feet MSL*)
BAC-11	12/7/2019	6-inch PVC	81	50-75	4624.96
BAC-12	12/6/2019	6-inch PVC	81	53-78	4625.055
BAC-13	11/18/2019	6-inch PVC	91	65-90	4629.834
BAC-14	12/4/2019	6-inch PVC	81	53-78	4627.506
BAC-15	12/9/2019	6-inch PVC	81	50-75	4626.494
BAC-16	11/21/2019	6-inch PVC	91	64-89	4630.426
BAC-17	12/10/2019	6-inch PVC	82	56-81	4629.648
BA-U-1	7/24/2015	4-inch PVC	55	45-55	4665.73
BA-U-2	7/25/2015	4-inch PVC	70	60-70	4661.33

Table 1 WELL CONSTRUCTION SUMMARY Intermountain Generating Facility Delta, Utah

MONITOR WELL I.D.	DATE COMPLETED	WELL DIAMETER / MATERIAL	TOTAL DEPTH (feet BGS)	WELL SCREENING INTERVAL (feet BGS)	TOP OF PVC CASING ELEVATION (feet MSL*)
		Waste Water	Basin Wells		
WWC-1	7/26/2015	4-inch PVC	60	48-58	4644.72
WWC-2	7/27/2015	4-inch PVC	70	60-70	4645.11
WWC-3	7/30/2015	4-inch PVC	65	55-65	4638.90
WWC-4	7/29/2015	4-inch PVC	75	65-75	4640.58
WWC-5	7/28/22015	4-inch PVC	74	64-74	4641.75
WWC-6	3/24/2018	4-inch PVC	87	67-77	4576.26
WWC-7	3/22/2018	4-inch PVC	87	77-87	4570.78
WWC-8	4/25/2019	6-inch PVC	96	71-96	4647.799
WWC-9	4/28/2019	6-inch PVC	89	62-87	4642.58
WWC-10	4/26/2019	6-inch PVC	90	62-87	4633.72
WWC-11	11/16/2019	6-inch PVC	91	65-90	4641.919
WWC-12	11/12/2019	6-inch PVC	91	65-90	4636.661
WWC-13	11/15/2019	6-inch PVC	91	65-90	4635.128
SI-U-1	8/12/2015	4-inch PVC	79	69-79	4664.59
WW-U-1	8/11/2015	4-inch PVC	70	60-70	4665.03
WW-U-2	8/11/2015	4-inch PVC	75	65-75	4665.46

BGS = Below Ground Surface

MSL = Mean Sea Level

### DECEMBER 2019 SEMI-ANNUAL PROGRESS REPORT, SELECTING AND DESIGNING OF

GROUNDWATER CORRECTIVE ACTION REMEDY Appendix A Drilling Logs and Well Schematic Diagrams December 19, 2019 Appendix A Drilling Logs and Well Schematic Diagrams

#### MONITORNG WELL ID: WWC-11

PROJECT:

SITE LOCATION:



CLIENT: Intermountain Power Service Corporation

Monitoring Well Installation





DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Cascade Drilling

DRILLING METHOD: Sonic

DRILLING EQUIPMENT: Pro Sonic 600 11-77287

SAMPLING METHOD: 4 inch sonic core barrel 0 to 91 ft bgs.,

10 inch sonic core barrel 0 to 91 ft bgs.

COORDINATE SYSTEM:

EASTING: NORTHING:

ELEVATION: BOREHOLE ANGLE: 90 degrees

TOTAL DEPTH (ft.): 91 GROUNDWATER LEVEL (ft. btoc.): 22.82

DATE STARTED: 11/15/2019 DATE FINISHED: 11/16/2019

		TO IIICH Sollic core barrer o to 91 it bgs.	LOGGED BY:	Michael Ward	THUOILE. T	17 10/2010
(feet)	GRAPHIC	LITHOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION			WE	ELL CONSTUCTION DIAGRAM
0-		Poorly graded Sand with Silt (SP), fine sand 95%, loose 7/4), trace gravel 5%.	, soft, dry, very pale	brown (10 YR		Above ground monument with well cap
5—		Clay (CL), medium plasticity, cohesive, moist, soft to me mottled with some trace interfingered clay, brownish yell Well Graded Sand with Clay (SW-SC), medium grained moist, loose, pale brown (10 YR 6/3).  Clay with Sand (CL), low to medium plasticity, soft to me moist, brown (10 YR 5/3).	low (1 <u>0 YR 6/8).</u> sand 85%, gravel 1	0%, clay 5%,		Grout 0 to 54.4 f bgs. Borehole diameter 10 inches from 0 to
)— 5—		Same as above, Clay (CL), no sand.  Poorly Graded Sand (SP), fine sand 98%, loose soft, dry subrounded.	y, pale brown (10 YI	₹ 6/3), 2% gravel,	<b>√</b>	91 ft bgs.
)—						0 to 65 ft bgs., 6 in dia., Sch. 40 PVC riser
5-\ <u>.</u> 		Well Graded Sand with Gravel (SW), fine to coarse sand moist, brown (10 YR 5/3), gravel are subangular to subro				PVC riser
-2	/// :::	Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium density, moist to www. Well Graded Sand with gravel (SW), fine to coarse sand (10 YR 5/3).	vet, cohesive, pale l l 90%, gravel 10%, l	orown $(10 \text{ YR } 6/3)$ oose, soft, brown		
; -		Same as above, becoming wet. Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium density, wet, cohe	esive, pale brown (1	0 YR 6/3).		Bentonite 54.4 t
		Clay with Sand (CL), low to medium plasticity, soft to me pale brown (10 YR 6/3).  Same as above, fine grained sand, saturated, low plastic		ohesive, moist,	7	Filter pack sand 56.7 to 91 ft bgs
5-1		Same as above, with trace interfingering clay, reddish ye	ellow (5 YR 6/6).			
)-/2 5:	/// :::	Well Graded Sand with Gravel (SW), fine to coarse sand brown (10 YR 5/3), gravel are subrounded, assorted ma	d 90%, small gravel trix.	10%, loose, wet,		65 to 90 ft bgs., 6 in dia., Sch. 4t PVC screen with
)-    -						0.02 inch slot aperture
5—: )—/2	:: ///	Clay with Sand (CL), medium plasticity, medium density 6/3).	, wet, cohesive, pal	e brown (10 YR		End Cap
5 ]		End of borehole to 91 ft bgs., per scope of work.			_/	

#### MONITORNG WELL ID: WWC-12

SITE LOCATION:



CLIENT: Intermountain Power Service Corporation

PROJECT: Monitoring Well Installation





DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Cascade Drilling

DRILLING METHOD: Sonic

DRILLING EQUIPMENT: Pro Sonic 600 11-77287

SAMPLING METHOD: 4 inch sonic core barrel 0 to 91 ft bgs.,

10 inch sonic core barrel 0 to 91 ft bgs.

COORDINATE SYSTEM:

EASTING: NORTHING:

ELEVATION: BOREHOLE ANGLE: 90 degrees

TOTAL DEPTH (ft.): 91 GROUNDWATER LEVEL (ft. btoc.): 20.46

DATE STARTED: 11/11/2019 DATE FINISHED: 11/12/2019

		LOGGED BY: Michae	el Ward		
(feet)	LITHOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION				NSTUCTION GRAM
0-	Poorly Graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM), 90% sand, 10% loose, fine grained, dry, sand are mostly quartz, subang	ular quartz grains.	, soft,	8 8 1	Above ground monument with well cap
5-	Same as above, becoming light yellowish brown (10 YR	,			
10-77	Same as above, becoming wet at 8.5 ft bgs., perched gr Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium stiff, cohesive, ver Poorly Graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM), 95% fine grained	ry pale brown (10 YR 7/4).	moist,	8 8 1	Grout 0 to 55 ft ogs.
15	brown (10 YR 4/3), trace gravel.  Well Graded Sand with Gravel (SW), 80% sand, 20% gr soft, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4), gravel are subrou	ravel, fine to coarse sand, munded to rounded, small.	oist, loose		diameter 10 nches from 0 to
25					91 ft bgs.
30-	Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium density, moist, co 6/4), thickly bedded, sharp contact at 25 ft bgs.	hesive, light yellowish browr	n (10 YR		0 to 65 ft bgs., 6
35-	Poorly Graded Sand (SP), fine grained sand 100%, loos	se, soft, moist, brown (10YR	5/3).		n dia., Sch. 40 PVC riser
40	<ul> <li>Well Graded Sand with Gravel (SW), fine to coarse grain loose, soft, moist, dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/4).</li> </ul>	ned sand 90%, small gravel	10%,		
45-	Same as above, increase in gravel to 30%. Same as above, decrease in gravel to 10%.	740VD 470			
50-	Poorly Graded Sand (SP), fined grained sand 100%, loo contact.	ose, moist, prown (101R 4/3	). Snarp		
55	Clay (CL), high plasticity, stiff, moist, cohesive, light yello	owish brown (10 YR 6/4), sh	narp		Bentonite 55 to 58 ft bgs.
60-	Lost core sample from sonic casing.  Clay (CH), high plasticity, stiff, moist, cohesive, yellowish	h brown (10 YR 5/4).	·	600	Filter Pack Sand 58 to 91 ft bgs.
65— 70———	•• Well Graded Sand with Silt and Clay (SW-SM), fine or m	and 100%	soft		
75	loose, brown (10 YR 4/3). Clay (CH), high plasticity, stiff, moist, cohesive, yellowis	-		8 8	65 to 90 ft bgs., 6 in dia., Sch. 40 PVC screen with
80-	Poorly Graded Sand with Silts and Clay (SP-SC), fine gr	rained sand 95%s, soft, loos	se, wet,		0.02 inch slot aperture
85-	light yellowish brown (10 YR 6/4), trace clay.  Clay with Sand (CL), medium plasticity, soft to medium of sand are fine grained.	density, wet, pale brown (10	YR 6/3),		
90-	Same as above with gradational transition to clay. Clay (CH), high plasticity, mottled, wet, cohesive, pale b reddish yellow (7.5 YR 7/6).	rown (10 YR 6/3), mottled co	olor is		End Cap
95	End of borehole to 91 ft bgs., per scope of work.				
Notes:	bgs. = below ground surface Sch. = Schedule				1

#### MONITORNG WELL ID: WWC-13

SITE LOCATION:



CLIENT: Intermountain Power Service Corporation

PROJECT: Monitoring Well Installation





DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Cascade Drilling

DRILLING METHOD: Sonic

DRILLING EQUIPMENT: Pro Sonic 600 11-77287

SAMPLING METHOD: 4 inch sonic core barrel 0 to 91 ft bgs.,

10 inch sonic core barrel 0 to 91 ft bgs.

COORDINATE SYSTEM:

EASTING: NORTHING:

ELEVATION: BOREHOLE ANGLE: 90 degrees

TOTAL DEPTH (ft.): 91 GROUNDWATER LEVEL (ft. btoc.): 19.55

DATE STARTED: 11/13/2019 DATE FINISHED: 11/15/2019

		LOGGED BY: Michael W	ard	
(feet) LITHOLOGICAL GRAPHIC	LITHOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION			WELL CONSTUCTION DIAGRAM
0	Poorly Graded Sand with Silts (SP-SM), fine sand 95%,	5% silts, soft, loose, dry, light g	ıray	Above ground monument with
5	(7.5 YR 7/1).  Well Graded Sand (SW), fine to medium grained sand 9	5%, soft, loose, dry, pinkish gra	ay (7.5	well cap
10	YR 7/2), trace gravel, small gravel, assorted matrix, substance as above, with clay, increase gravel 10%, wet.  Clay with Sand (CL), low to medium plasticity, moist, col	nesive, very pale brown (10 YR		Grout 0 to 52.8 ft bgs.
15—	Well Graded Sand (SW), fine to medium grained sand 9 (10 YR 6/3), trace gravel 5%, subrounded.	b%, soπ, loose, , moist, pale br	own	Borehole diameter 10 inches from 0 to
20-	Same as shows with slav (SIM SC) at 100/, wat soft le	u placticity aloy		91 ft bgs.
25-//	Same as above, with clay (SW-SC) at 10%, wet, soft, low Clay with Sand (CL), medium plasticity, moist cohesive, contact at 23 ft, bgs,		/	
30-	\Same as above, Clay (CL), trace black staining. Clay with Sand (CL), medium plasticity, moist cohesive, Poorly Graded Sand (SP), fine grained sand 100%, loos	fine sand. e. soft. moist. brown (10 YR 5/3	ā). — 🏸	0 to 65 ft bgs., 6 in dia., Sch. 40
35—	, , , ,		,	PVC riser
40—	Well Graded Sand with gravel (SW), fine to coarse sand	95% 15% gravel loose soft t	moist —	
45	brown (10 YR 5/3), gravel are small, subrounded, assort Poorly Graded Sand (SP), fine to medium grained sand	ed matrix.	, , <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	0 to 65 ft bgs., 6 in dia., Sch. 40 PVC riser  Bentonite 52.8 to 55 ft bgs.
50// ///	YR 5/3), trace small gravel 2%, subrounded. Same as above, trace clay. Clay with Sand (CL), low to medium plasticity, soft to me	dium density, moist, yellowish	brown	Bentonite 52.8 to
55-	(10 YR 5/4), secondary sand are fine grained.			
50-//	Clay (CL), medium to high plasticity, medium to stiff den- brown (10 YR 5/3), mottled, reddish yellow (5 YR 6/6).	sity, moist, thickly bedded, cohe	esive,	Filter pack sand 55 to 91 ft bgs.
55-//	Clay with Sand (CL) , medium plasticity, moist to wet, co	shesive brown (10 VP 5/3)		
70-//	Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium to stiff density, momentuded, reddish yellow (5 YR 6/6).		3),	65 to 90 ft bgs., 6 in dia., Sch. 40
75- <u>///</u>	Poorly Graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC), fine grained sar		(10	PVC screen with 0.02 inch slot
30-	YR 5/3), some trace interfingering clay 5%, reddish yello Clay with Sand (CL), low plasticity, soft, wet, non cohesi	ve, pale brown (10 YR 6/3).		aperture
35-	Clay (CL), medium to high plasticity, wet, cohesive, pale clay reddish yellow (5 YR 6/6), trace sand.	brown (10 YR 6/3), interfingeri	ng	
90-///	Same as above, becoming medium plasticity. End of borehole to 91 ft bgs., per scope of work.			End Cap
95	Zina di Boronolo to di 11 bggs., per scope di work.			

Votes: bgs. = below ground surface Sch. = Schedule dia. = diameter YR = Yellow-Red ft = feet

MONITORNG WELL ID: BAC-11

PROJECT:

SITE LOCATION:



CLIENT: Intermountain Power Service Corporation

Monitoring Well Installation



DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Cascade Drilling

DRILLING METHOD:

Sonic

DRILLING EQUIPMENT: Pro Sonic 600 11-77287

SAMPLING METHOD: 4 inch sonic core barrel 0 to 91 ft bgs.,

10 inch sonic core barrel 0 to 91 ft bgs.

COORDINATE SYSTEM:

EASTING: NORTHING:

ELEVATION: BOREHOLE ANGLE: 90 degrees

TOTAL DEPTH (ft.): 81 GROUNDWATER LEVEL (ft. btoc.): 48.21

Stantec

DATE STARTED: 12/6/2019 DATE FINISHED: 12/7/2019

	10 inch sonic core barrel 0 to 91 ft bgs.	DATE STARTED: LOGGED BY:	12/6/2019 DAT Michael Ward	E FINISHED: 1	2/7/2019
DEPTH (feet) LITHOLOGICAL GRAPHIC	LITHOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION			W	ELL CONSTUCTION DIAGRAM
0	Fill Poorly Graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM), fine grained sand brown (10 YR 7/3).	d 100%, loose, soft,	dry, very pale		Above ground monument with well cap
5— 10—	Clay with Sand (CL), low plasticity, soft to medium densi		<b>0</b> , (		Borehole diameter 10
15	Poorly Graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC), fine grained sar light brownish gray (10 YR 6/2); clay are low plasticity, m		ium dense, moist		inches from 0 to 76 ft bgs., and 4 inches from 76 to 81 ft bgs.
20-	Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium dense, cohesive, i 6/2), mottled with brownish yellow (10 YR 6/8).	moist, light brownisl	h gray (10 YR		Grout 0 to 38 ft bgs.
30-					
35—	Poorly Graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC), fine grained sar yellowish brown (10 YR 6/4); clay low plasticity, soft, nor Same as above, becoming brown (10 YR 5/3).		moist, light		0 to 50 ft bgs., 6 in dia., Sch. 40 PVC riser
40-	Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium dense, cohesive, i 6/4).	moist, light yellowis	h brown (10 YR		Bentonite 38 to 40 ft bgs.
45— 50—	. Poorly Graded Sand (SP), fine to medium grained sand	100% loose soft v	wot brown (10 VE	,	-
55	5/3). Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium dense, cohesive, ı			`-	
60	6/4). Clay with Sand (CL), low plasticity, soft, wet, pale brown Well Graded Sand (SW), fine to coarse Sand 95%, loose gravel, subrounded.	(10 YR 6/3). e, soft, wet, brown (	10 YR 5/3), trace		Filter Pack Sand 40 to 76 ft bgs.
65-	Same as above, increase in coarse grained sand between Same as 60 ft bgs.	en 65.2 to 65.8 ft bg	gs.		50 to 75 ft bgs., 6 in dia., Sch. 40 PVC screen with
70— 75—///	Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium dense, moist, coh	esive, light yellowis	h brown (10 YR		0.02 inch slot aperture
80-	6/4).	er agong of work	•		End Cap
85	End of borehole at 81 ft bgs. Installed monitoring well pe	er scope of work.			
Notes:	bgs. = below ground surface Sch. = Schedule dia. = diameter YR = Yellow-Red ft = feet				1

#### MONITORNG WELL ID: **BAC-12**



Intermountain Power Service Corporation CLIENT:

Monitoring Well Installation



PROJECT:

Southwest of Bottom Ash Basin Surface Impoundment SITE LOCATION:

Cascade Drilling DRILLING CONTRACTOR:

DRILLING METHOD: Sonic

DRILLING EQUIPMENT: Pro Sonic 600 11-77287

SAMPLING METHOD: 4 inch sonic core barrel 0 to 91 ft bgs.,

10 inch sonic core barrel 0 to 91 ft bgs.

COORDINATE SYSTEM:

EASTING: NORTHING:

ELEVATION: BOREHOLE ANGLE: 90 degrees TOTAL DEPTH (ft.): 81 GROUNDWATER LEVEL (ft. btoc.): 49.55

DATE STARTED: 12/4/2019 DATE FINISHED: 12/6/2019

1.		LOGGED BY: Michael Ward		
(feet) LITHOLOGICAL GRAPHIC	LITHOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION			ONSTUCTION AGRAM
0	Poorly Graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM), fine grained sand (10 YR 6/3).	d 95%, loose, soft, dry, pale brown		Above ground monument with well cap
5				Borehole
) <u> </u>	Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium dense, moist, coh Poorly Graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC), fine grained sar brownish gray (10 YR 6/2); clay 10%, low plasticity, soft.	nd 90%, loose, soft, dry, light		diameter 10 inches from 0 to 78 ft bgs., and 4 inches from 79 to 81 ft bgs.
	Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium dense, moist, coh mottled with brownish yellow (10 YR 6/8).	esive, very pale brown (10 YR 7/3),		Grout 0 to 38 ft bgs.
5	Poorly Graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM), loose, soft, dry, p	` `		3
)— <u></u> 5—	Well Graded Sand with Gravel (SW), fine to coarse sand gray (10 YR 6/2), gravel 15%, small, subangular to subrole Poorly Graded Sand (SP), fine grained sand 95%, loose 5% clay.	ounded, assorted matrix.		0 to 53 ft bgs., 6 in dia., Sch. 40 PVC riser
)-    -    -	Clay with Sand (CL), medium plasticity, medium dense, 6/3). Clay (CL), medium plasticity, stiff, moist, cohesive, pale Clay with Sand (CL), low plasticity, soft, non cohesive, w Clay (CL), Same as 39.5 ft bgs. Clay with Sand (CL), Same as 38.5 ft bgs.	brown (10 YR 6/2).		Bentonite 38 to 40 ft bgs.
	Clay (CL), Same as 41.5 ft bgs. Clay with Sand (CL), low plasticity, soft, non cohesive, w Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium dense, cohesive, with yellowish brown (10 YR 5/6).			
	Clay with Sand (CL), low plasticity, soft, non cohesive, w Well Graded Sand (SW) fine to coarse sand 98%, loose			Filter Pack Sand 40 to 79 ft bgs.
_:::	gravel.  Clay with Sand (CL), low to medium plasticity, medium of	lense, wet, non cohesive, brown (10	-	53 to 78ft bgs., in dia., Sch. 40
)— -	YR 5/3), mottled with light brownish gray (10 YR 6/2). Well Graded Sand with Clay (SW-SC), fine grained sand 5/3): clay 10%, low plasticity, non cohesive.	90%, loose, soft, wet, brown (10 YR		PVC screen wit 0.02 inch slot aperture
-///	Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium dense, cohesive ,	moist, brown (10 YR 5/3).		•
	End of borehole at 81 ft bgs. Installed monitoring well pe	r scope of work.		End Cap
<b>5</b> —	_		_	

#### MONITORNG WELL ID: BAC-13



CLIENT: Intermountain Power Service Corporation

PROJECT: Monitoring Well Installation



SITE LOCATION: Southwest of Bottom Ash Basin Surface Impoundment

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Cascade Drilling

DRILLING METHOD: Sonic

DRILLING EQUIPMENT: Pro Sonic 600 11-77287

SAMPLING METHOD: 4 inch sonic core barrel 0 to 91 ft bgs.,

10 inch sonic core barrel 0 to 91 ft bgs.

COORDINATE SYSTEM:

EASTING: NORTHING:

ELEVATION: BOREHOLE ANGLE: 90 degrees

TOTAL DEPTH (ft.): 91 GROUNDWATER LEVEL (ft. btoc.): 45.38

DATE STARTED: 11/16/2019 DATE FINISHED: 11/18/2019

		LOGGED BY: Michael Ward		
(feet) LITHOLOGICAL GRAPHIC	LITHOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION	WELL CON: DIAG		
0	Poorly Graded Sand with Silt and Gravel (SP-SM), fine gravel 5%, loose, dry, light gray (10 YR 7/2).	grained sand 85%, silts 10%, trace	8 8 m	bove ground nonument with
5—	Same as above, becoming dense, consolidated. Well Graded Sand with Gravel (SW), sand fine to coarse	e 85%, gravel 15%, loose, soft, dry,	* * *	ell cap
-///	pale brown (10 YR 6/3), gravel are subrounded. Same as above, no gravel, sand 100%. Clay with Sand (CL), low plasticity, dry to moist, non coh	nesive, brown (10 YR 5/3), with small	O O	Frout 0 to 42 ft
5- <i>///</i>	Clay interfingering, reddish yellow (5 YR 6/8).  Same as above, moist.  Same as above, medium plasticity.		B d	orehole iameter 10 iches from 0 to
	Poorly Graded Sand (SP), fine grained sand 100%, loos bedded.  Clay with Sand (CL), low plasticity, moist, non cohesive,			1 ft bgs.
5-///	interfingering, reddish yellow (5 YR 6/8).	2(15 5.5), min sman stay		
-///	Well Graded Sand with Gravel (SW), sand fine to coarse	e 85%, gravel 15%, loose, soft, drv.	🛛 🔯 in	to 65 ft bgs., 6 dia., Sch. 40
5	pale brown (10 YR 6/3), gravel are subrounded. Poorly Graded Sand (SP), medium grained sand 100%,	loose, soft, moist, brown (10 YR 5/3).	P	VC riser
)	Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium dense, moist, brown Clay with Sand (CL), low plasticity, soft density, wet, nor YR 6/4).  Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium dense, moist, coh	n cohesive, light yellowish brown (10		entonite 42 to 4 ft bgs.
	with mottled clay, brownish yellow (10 YR 6/8).			
i	Clay with Sand (CL), low to medium plasticity, soft to me brown (10 YR 6/3).		_	
-///	Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium dense, moist to w YR 6/2). Clay with Sand (CL), low to medium plasticity, soft to me	edium dense, wet, brown (10 YR 6/3).		ilter pack sand 4 to 91 ft bgs.
-///	Clay (CL), high plasticity, stiff, moist, cohesive, pale brown Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium dense, moist to way (YR 6/2).	wn (10 YR 6/3). et, cohesive, light brownish gray (10		
)—————————————————————————————————————	Clay (CL), high plasticity, stiff, moist, cohesive, pale broven Poorly Graded Sand (SP), medium grained sand 95%, lettrace gravel 5%, rounded to subrounded, assorted matrix	oose, soft, wet, brown (10 YR 5/3),	6	5 to 90 ft bgs., in dia., Sch. 4
	ados graver 570, rodinaca to subrounded, assorted matri	Λ.	0	VC screen wit .02 inch slot perture
)—(`` -				•
·-///	Clay with Sand (CL), low plasticity, soft, wet, non cohesi Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium dense, moist to w	ve, brown (10 YR 5/3). et, cohesive, brown gray (10 YR 5/3).		
)- <i>[///</i> 5	End of borehole to 91 ft bgs., per scope of work.		E	nd Cap

#### MONITORNG WELL ID: **BAC-14**

SITE LOCATION:



Intermountain Power Service Corporation CLIENT:

PROJECT: Monitoring Well Installation





Cascade Drilling DRILLING CONTRACTOR:

DRILLING METHOD: Sonic

DRILLING EQUIPMENT: Pro Sonic 600 11-77287

SAMPLING METHOD: 4 inch sonic core barrel 0 to 81 ft bgs.,

10 inch sonic core barrel 0 to 78 ft bgs.

COORDINATE SYSTEM:

EASTING: NORTHING:

ELEVATION: BOREHOLE ANGLE: 90 degrees TOTAL DEPTH (ft.): 81 GROUNDWATER LEVEL (ft. btoc.): 46.81

DATE STARTED: 11/21/2019 DATE FINISHED: 12/4/2019

	•	DATE STARTED: LOGGED BY:	11/21/2019 DATE FINIS Michael Ward	HED: 12/4/201	
(feet) LITHOLOGICAL GRAPHIC	LITHOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION				NSTUCTION GRAM
0	Well Graded Sand (SW), fine to coarse sand 95%, loose 5/4); 5% gravel, subrounded, small.	e, soft, dry, yellowisl	n brown (10 YR	<b>8</b> 8	Above ground monument with well cap
5—	Well Graded Sand with Clay (SW-SC), fine to coarse sa gray (10 YR 7/4).	nd 95%, medium de	ense, dry, light		·
o- <i>   </i>	Clay with Sand (CL), low to medium plasticity, soft to me brown (10 YR 7/3).	edium dense, dry to	moist, very pale	<b>X</b> X	Borehole diameter 10 inches from 0 to
5- <i>   </i>	Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium dense, moist, coh	uesive nale hrown (1	10 VR 6/3) with	× ×	79 ft bgs. 4 inch borehole to 81 ft bgs.
)- <i>   </i> -	trace mottled clay, brownish yellow (10 YR 6/8).	icsive, paic brown (	10 11( 0/3), with		Grout 0 to 38 ft bgs.
5-///	Poorly Graded Sand (SP), fine sand 100%, loose, soft, l	ight brownish gray (	10 YR 6/2).		
)—	Poorly Graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC), fine sand 90%, (10 YR 6/2); clay 10% low plasticity, soft, non cohesive.			8 8	0 to 53 ft bgs., 6 in dia., Sch. 40
5— 					PVC riser
)-[//	Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium dense, moist, coh Poorly Graded Sand (SP), fine sand 100%, loose, soft, r		_`		Bentonite 38 to 40 ft bgs.
5-					3
)— <i>    </i>	Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium to stiff dense, moi 6/3), mottled with reddish yellow (5YR 6/6).	-	,		Filter Pack Sand
5-1//	Poorly Graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC), fine sand 90%, clay 10% low plasticity. Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium to stiff dense, moi 6/3), mottled with reddish yellow (5YR 6/6).		· /		40 to 79 ft bgs.
)- -///	Poorly Graded Sand (SP), fine grained, loose, soft, wet, Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium dense, wet, cohes	sive, light yellowish l			53 to 78 ft bgs., 6 in dia., Sch. 4
5-	Poorly Graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC), fine sand 85%, YR 5/3); clay 15% low plasticity, non cohesive, light yello	owish brown (10 YR	6/4).		PVC screen with 0.02 inch slot
)	Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium dense, wet, cohes Poorly Graded Sand (SP), fine grained, loose, soft, wet, Clay with Sand (CL), low plasticity, soft, wet, non cohesi	brown (10 YR 5/3).			aperture
5	Poorly Graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC), fine sand 90%, clay 10%, low plasticity, soft, non cohesive.  Poorly Graded Sand (SP), fine grained, loose, soft, wet,	brown (10 YR 5/3).	wn (10 YR 5/3);		
o- <i>[]]]</i>	Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium to stiff, moist, brown End of borehole at 81 ft bgs. Installed monitoring well pe			0000000000	End Cap
5—		or soope of work.			

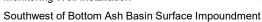
ft = feet

#### MONITORNG WELL ID: BAC-15



Intermountain Power Service Corporation CLIENT:

Monitoring Well Installation



PROJECT: SITE LOCATION:

Cascade Drilling DRILLING CONTRACTOR:

DRILLING METHOD: Sonic

DRILLING EQUIPMENT: Pro Sonic 600 11-77287

SAMPLING METHOD: 4 inch sonic core barrel 0 to 91 ft bgs., COORDINATE SYSTEM:

EASTING: NORTHING:

ELEVATION: BOREHOLE ANGLE: 90 degrees TOTAL DEPTH (ft.): 81 GROUNDWATER LEVEL (ft. btoc.): 46.03

Stantec

	10 inch sonic core barrel 0 to 91 ft bg	s. DATE STARTED: 12/7/2019 DATE FIN LOGGED BY: Michael Ward	ISHED: 12/9/2019									
(feet)	GRAPHIC GRAPHIC DESCRIPTION											
0-	Fill Poorly Graded Sand (SP), fine grained sand 98%, lo 7/3), trace gravel, subrounded.	ose, soft, dry, very pale brown (10 YR	Above ground monument with well cap									
5- - -10-	Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium dense, cohesi trace white (10 YR 8/1), trace calcium carbonate bet	ve, dry, light brownish gray (10 YR 6/2), ween clay layering, effervesces with HCL.	Borehole diameter 10									
- 15—			inches from 0 to 76 ft bgs., and 4 inches from 76									
- 20—	Poorly Graded Sand (SP), fine grained sand 98%, lo trace clay at depth.	, , ,	to 81 ft bgs.									
 	Poorly Graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC), fine grained pale brown (10 YR 6/3), clay low plasticity, medium of	sand 90%, soft to medium dense, dry, dense.	Borehole diameter 10 inches from 0 to 76 ft bgs., and 4 inches from 76 to 81 ft bgs.  Grout 0 to 38 ft bgs.  0 to 50 ft bgs., 6 in dia., Sch. 40 PVC riser									
_ 30—	Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium dense, cohesi	ve, moist, pale brown (10 YR 6/3).	0 to 50 ft bgs., 6									
- 35—	Same as above, becoming light yellowish brown (10  Clay with Sand (CL), low plasticity, soft, non cohesiv		in dia., Sch. 40 PVC riser									
- -01	Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium dense, cohesi 6/4).	, , ,	Bentonite 38 to									
- 15— -	Well Graded Sand with Gravel (SW), fine to coarse s 5/3), gravel 10%, subrounded.	sand 90%, loose, soft, wet, brown (10 YR	40 ft bgs.									
50-			Filter Pack Sand 40 to 76 ft bgs.									
55— -	Same as above, with trace black staining.  Clay with Sand (CL), low plasticity, soft, non cohesiv  Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium dense, cohesi  Clay with Sand (CL), low plasticity, soft, non cohesiv	ve, moist, yellowish brown (10 YR 5/6).	40 to 70 ti bgg.									
-08 -	Poorly Graded Sand (SP), fine grained sand 100%, l	loose, soft, wet, brown (10 YR 5/3)	50 to 75 ft bgs., 6 in dia., Sch. 40									
55— -	Same as above, with some clay.  Poorly Graded Sand (SP), fine grained sand 100%,  Same as above, color change to yellowish brown (10	) YR 6/4).	PVC screen with 0.02 inch slot aperture									
'O—	Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium dense, cohesi  Same as above, with mottled yellowish red (5 YR 5/6	· _										
'5— -	Clay with Sand (CL), low plasticity, soft, non cohesiv Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium dense, cohesi	re, wet, brown (10 YR 5/3).	End Cap									
80— 85—	Clay with Sand (CL), low plasticity, soft, non cohesive Poorly Graded Sand (SP), fine grained sand 98%, lot End of borehole at 81 ft bgs. Installed monitoring we	ose, soft, wet, brown (10 YR 5/3).										
Note	tes: bgs. = below ground surface Sch. = Schedule dia. = diameter YR = Yellow-Red ft = feet		1									

#### MONITORNG WELL ID: BAC-16

INTERMOUNTAIN POWER SERVICE CORP.

CLIENT: Intermountain Power Service Corporation

Monitoring Well Installation



OUNTAIN POWER SERVICE CORP. PROJECT: Monitoring We

SITE LOCATION: Southwest of Bottom Ash Basin Surface Impoundment

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Cascade Drilling

DRILLING METHOD: Sonic

DRILLING EQUIPMENT: Pro Sonic 600 11-77287

SAMPLING METHOD: 4 inch sonic core barrel 0 to 91 ft bgs.,

10 inch sonic core barrel 0 to 91 ft bgs.

COORDINATE SYSTEM:

EASTING: NORTHING:

ELEVATION: BOREHOLE ANGLE: 90 degrees

TOTAL DEPTH (ft.): 91 GROUNDWATER LEVEL (ft. btoc.): 47.45

DATE STARTED: 11/18/2019 DATE FINISHED: 11/21/2019

	I	LOGGED BY: Michael Ward					
(feet) LITHOLOGICAL	LITHOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONSTUCTION DIAGRAM					
)—	Fill.		Above ground				
5	Clay with Sand (CL), low plasticity, soft to medium dens	se, dry, light gray (10 YR 7/1).	monument with well cap				
)—	No core retrieved from sonic core barrel.		0 101 105				
	Clay with Sand (CL), low plasticity, soft to medium dens Well Graded Sand (SW), fine to coarse grained sand 95 YR 6/2), trace gravel 5%, subrounded, small.	5%, loose, soft, light brownish gray (10	Grout 0 to 42 ft bgs. Borehole diameter 10				
	Clay with Sand (CL), low plasticity, soft to medium dens	se, dry, light gray (10 YR 7/1).	inches from 0 to 91 ft bgs.				
i-//	Clay (CL)						
)	Clay with Sand (CL), low to medium plasticity, soft to modification (10 YR 6/3).  Poorly Graded Sand (SP), fine grained 100%, loose to recognition (SP).		0 to 65 ft bgs., 6 in dia., Sch. 40				
5-	7/1).		PVC riser				
)	Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium density, moist, lig some interfingering clay, brownish yellow (10 YR 6/8). Clay with Sand (CL).	ght yellowish brown (10 YR 6/4), with	Bentonite 42 to				
5— <u>.</u> 	Poorly Graded Sand with clay (SP-SC), fine sand 90%, light yellowish brown (10 YR 6/4).		44 ft bgs.				
)-	Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium dense, cohesive, Poorly Graded Sand with clay (SP-SC), fine sand 90%, light yellowish brown (10 YR 6/4).	moist, yellowish brown (10 YR 5/4). clay 10%, soft, loose, moist to wet,					
	Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium dense, cohesive, 6/4).	moist, light yellowish brown (10 YR					
)-[//	Poorly Graded Sand (SP), fine grained sand 95%, loose	e, soft, brown (10 YR 5/3), with trace	Filter Pack San 44 to 91 ft bgs.				
5-	interfingering clay 5%, yellowish red (5 YR5/6). Well Graded Sand (SW), fine to coarse sand 98%, loos gravel, small, subrounded.	` '					
	Clay with Sand (CL), low to medium plasticity, soft to m- gray (10 YR 6/2).		64 to 89 ft bgs.,				
5-	Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium to stiff, cohesive, Poorly Graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC), fine grained sa brown (10 YR 5/3).	moist, light yellowish gray (10 YR 6/2). and 85%, clay 15% loose, soft, wet,	6 in dia., Sch. 4 PVC screen wit 0.02 inch slot				
)	Clay (CL), medium plasticity, stiff, cohesive, moist to we	' '	aperture				
- 7	Poorly Graded Sand (SP), fine grained sand 100%, loos Clay (CL), same as 73 ft bgs. Poorly Graded Sand (SP), same as 82 ft bgs.	se, soft, wet, brown (10 YR 5/3).					
)- 22	Clay (CL), same as 73 ft bgs. Poorly Graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC), fine grained sa \brown (10 YR 5/3).	and 85%, clay 15% loose, soft, wet,	End Cap				
<b>5</b> —	Clay (CL), same as 73 ft bgs., with mottled interbedded End of borehole at 91 ft bgs. Installed monitoring well po						
)—							

#### MONITORNG WELL ID: **BAC-17**

INTERMOUNTAIN POWER SERVICE CORP.

Intermountain Power Service Corporation CLIENT:

Monitoring Well Installation



PROJECT:

Southwest of Bottom Ash Basin Surface Impoundment SITE LOCATION:

Cascade Drilling DRILLING CONTRACTOR:

DRILLING METHOD: Sonic

DRILLING EQUIPMENT: Pro Sonic 600 11-77287

SAMPLING METHOD: 4 inch sonic core barrel 0 to 91 ft bgs.,

10 inch sonic core barrel 0 to 91 ft bgs.

COORDINATE SYSTEM:

EASTING: NORTHING:

ELEVATION: BOREHOLE ANGLE: 90 degrees TOTAL DEPTH (ft.): 82 GROUNDWATER LEVEL (ft. btoc.): 45.3

DATE STARTED: 12/12/9/2019 ATE FINISHED: 12/10/2019

		10 inch sonic core barrel 0 to 91 ft bgs.		12/12/9/201 <b>9</b> ATE Michael Ward	FINISHED:	12/10/2	2019		
DEPTH (feet)	LITHOLOGICAL GRAPHIC	LITHOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION		WELL CONSTUCTION DIAGRAM					
0-		Well Graded Sand with Silt (SW-SM), fine to coarse san YR 6/3), fine silts, trace calcium carbonate.	nd 90%, loose, soft, p	ale brown (10			Above ground monument with well cap		
5-		Well Graded Sand (SW), fine to coarse sand 100%, loos	se, soft, pale brown (	10 YR 6/3).			·		
10-							Borehole diameter 10 inches from 0 to 81 ft bgs.		
15-		Well Creded Sand with Crovel and Clay (SW SC) Jacob	a poft fine to operate	aand 00%					
20-		Well Graded Sand with Gravel and Clay (SW-SC), loose loose, soft, pale brown (10 YR 6/3), clay low plasticity, s Well Graded Sand (SW), fine to coarse 98%, loose, soft gravel 2%, small, subrounded.	oft, gravel, small, sub	rounded.	1		Grout 0 to 40 ft bgs.		
25-		-							
30-		Clay (CL), low plasticity, soft, wet, very pale brown (10 Y Clay with Sand (CL), low plasticity, soft, moist, light yello					0 to 56 ft bgs., 6 in dia., Sch. 40		
35-							PVC riser		
40-		Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium dense, cohesive, reddish yellow (5 YR 6/6).	brown (10 YR 5/3), m	nottled with some			Bentonite 40 to 42 ft bgs.		
45-						<u>-</u>			
50-							Filter Pack Sand 42 to 81 ft bgs.		
55-		Clay with Sand (CL), low plasticity, soft, wet non cohesiv	ve brown (10 YR 5/3	)	_				
60-		Poorly Graded Sand with Clay (SP), fine grained sand 9		,			56 to 81 ft bgs., 6 in dia., Sch. 40		
65-		5/3), with trace gravel 2%, subrounded, small.					PVC screen with 0.02 inch slot		
70-	///	Poorly Graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC), fine grained san YR 5/3), clay, medium plasticity, soft to low density, non YR 5/4).	cohesive, light yellov	wish brown (10			aperture		
75-	///	Clay (CL), medium plasticity, medium dense, moist, coh Poorly Graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC), fine grained san 5/3), clay are low plasticity, soft. Clay with Sand (CL), low to medium plasticity, soft, wet,	nd, loose, soft, wet, b	rown (10 YR					
80-	///	Poorly Graded Sand (SP), fine grained sand 100%, loos End of borehole at 81 ft bgs. Installed monitoring well pe	se, soft, wet, brown (1	•			End Cap		
85_									
Not		bgs. = below ground surface Sch. = Schedule dia. = diameter YR = Yellow-Red					1		

# DECEMBER 2019 SEMI-ANNUAL PROGRESS REPORT, SELECTING AND DESIGNING OF GROUNDWATER CORRECTIVE ACTION REMEDY Attachment 1 TABULATED GROUND WATER MONITORING DATA December 19, 2019

Attachment 1 TABULATED GROUND WATER MONITORING DATA

Sampling Round 13 (all results ppm)

		Results											i i	Field Results																	
Landfill Wells																							Radium 226 and	Landfill Wells							
		Calcium			pН	Sulfate		Antimony	Arsenic			Cadmium	Chromium	Cobalt	Lead			Molybdenum	Selenium		Radium 226		228 combined		Temp	pН	REDOX	Conductance	Turbidity (NTUs)	DO	TDS
CL-U-1	0	58.9	432	0.753	7.94	109	976	0	0.0289	0.0799	0	0	0	0	0	0.239	0	0.0035	0	0	0.03	0.75	0.75	CL-U-1	15.85	7.75	-159	777	0	1.62	0.497
CL-U-2	0	60.6	424	0.792	7.87	112	968	0	0.0251	0.0935	0	0	0	0	0	0.229	0	0.00412	0	0	0.03	0.57	0	CL-U-2	15.96	7.7	-158	743	0	1.01	0.476
CLW-1	0	36	328	1.11	8.03	69.1	852	0	0.0295	0.0612	0	0	0	0	0	0.187	0	0.00357	0	0	0.29	0.38	0	CLW-1	15.83	7.73	-48	1480	1.3	2.01	0.948
CLW-2	0	50.8	438	1.13	8.15	88.1	924	0	0.0283	0.1510	0	0	0	0	0	0.253	0	0.0102	0	0	0.08	0.56	0	CLW-2	16.6	7.79	-191	760	0	2	0.488
CLW-3	0	47	363	1.24	7.99	90.8	828	0	0.039	0.0976	0	0	0	0	0	0.242	0	0.00504	0	0	0.6	0.43	0	CLW-3	17.14	7.84	-215	1730	0.5	1.43	1.11
CLW-4	0	34.6	332	1.55	7.97	75.6	768	0	0.0387	0.0797	0	0	0	0	0	0.235	0	0.00441	0	0	0.22	1.06	1.06	CLW-4	16.47	7.88	-233	1600	2.7	1.61	1.03
CLW-5	0	37.5	351	1.89	8	76.9	1060	0	0.0231	0.0685	0	0	0	0	0	0.237	0	0.00479	0	0	0.25	0.44	0	CLW-5	17.05	7.83	-220	1700	1.9	1.84	1.09
CLW-6	0	34.5	330	1.7	7.98	74.4	1110	0	0.0145	0.0936	0	0	0	0	0	0.239	0	0.00607	0	0	0.42	1.05	1.47	CLW-6	16.65	7.7	-229	1590	1.6	2.69	1.02
CLW-7	0	43.7	362	1	7.89	71.4	796	0	0.0238	0.0523	0	0	0	0	0	0.192	0	0.00402	0	0	0.12	-0.03	0	CLW-7	17.74	7.76	-57	1580	0.6	1.24	1.01
CLW-8	0	39.9	337	1.04	7.98	70.7	836	0	0.0266	0.0521	0	0	0.00000	0	0	0.196	0	0.00449	0	0	-0.05	0.32	0	CLW-8	16.37	7.81	-36	1520	1	1.51	0.969
CLW-9	0	26.9	288	1.94	8.12	88.7	792	0	0.0398	0.0469	0	0	0.00287	0	0	0.181	0	0.00573	0	0	0.36	0.02	0	CLW-9	16.03	7.72	-299	1610	0.2	7.56	1.03
CL-U-3	0	64.6	304	0.429	8.85	168	596	0	0	0.0342	0	0	0.0738	0	0	0.152	0	0.00964	0	0	2.13	0.21	2.13	CL-U-3	16.1	9.08	-76	503	0	1.84	0.322
													Results															Field Resu	lts		4
Bottom Ash																							Radium 226 and	Bottom Ash							
	Boron		Chloride		pН	Sulfate	TDS	Antimony	Arsenic		Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium	Cobalt	Lead	Lithium	Mercury	Molybdenum		Thallium		Radium 228	228 combined		Temp	pH	REDOX	Conductance	Turbidity (NTUs)	DO	TDS
BA-U-1	0	173	1140	0.587	7.71	314	2290	0	0.0223	0.0770	0	0	0	0	0	0.385	0	0.00302	0.00502	0	0.16	0.73	0.73	BA-U-1	16.68	7.47	-58	1610	0	1.29	1.03
BA-U-2	0	47.1	400	0.893	8.18	56.6	972	0	0.0283	0.1270	0	0	0	0	0	0.247	0	0.00332	0	0	0.26	0.7	0	BA-U-2	16.37	8.94	-255	1550	1.4	0.8	0.99
BAC-1	1.43	93.7	801	0.307	8.16	701	2730	0	0.0126	0.0460	0	0	0.00163	0	0	0.259	0	0.128	0.00436	0	0	0.14	0	BAC-1	17.09	7.98	-50	3950	1.32	3.4	2.53
BAC-2	9.49	208	1730	1.07	7.45	2760	7240	0	0.0647	0.0192	0	0	0.0058	0	0	0.466	0.00028	0.19	0.0145	0	0.12	0.39	0	BAC-2	16.92	7.19	28	10600	3.3	2.45	6.59
BAC-3	7.32	441	3500	0.675	7.49	4310	13900	0.0027	0.0356	0.0321	0	0	0.00449	0	0	0.957	0	0.0255	0.0236	0	0	0.45	0	BAC-3	17.34	7.1	20	16700	2	0.61	10.4
BAC-4	0.606	66.7	573	1.13	7.95	330	1820	0	0.0322	0.0637	0	0	0	0	0	0.279	0	0.0218	0	0	0.15	0.16	0	BAC-4	16.73	7.81	-57	2570	0.6	1.18	1.64
BAC-5	0	66.2	568	1.11	8.07	250	1410	0	0.0321	0.0814	0	0	0	0	0	0.289	0	0.00941	0	0	0.25	0.36	0	BAC-5	17.52	7.84	-50	2540	0.4	1.33	1.63
BAC-6	2.66	119	625	0.796	7.86	646	1870	0	0.0223	0.0338	0	0	0	0	0	0.288	0	0.0651	0.00273	0	0.31	0.83	1.14	BAC-6	16.78	7.74	-52	2670	0.7	0.87	1.71
BAC-7	5.06	107	566	1.31	7.96	1170	2320	0	0.0314	0.0174	0	0	0	0	0	0.248	0	0.0887	0.00276	0	0.04	0.22	0	BAC-7	17.16	7.83	-156	4000	3.1	0.86	2.56
BAC-8	0	23.2	280	1.53	8.05	95.5	784	0	0.0639	0.0389	0	0	0	0	0	0.156	0	0.00545	0	0	0.03	1.21	1.21	BAC-8	15.03	7.65	-41	1540	0.2	5.45	0.989
BAC-9	0	27.1	299	1.45	8.06	87.6	788	0	0.0593	0.0388	0	0	0	0	0	0.16	0	0.00483	0	0	0.09	0	0.53	BAC-9	15.03	7.68	-23	1560	0.3	1.2	0.993
BAC-10	0	25.7	280	1.51	8.09	87.4	808	0	0.0595	0.045	0	0	0	0	0	0.16	0	0.00584	0	0	0.8	1	1.8	BAC-10	14.98	7.65	-31	1560	0.1	1.15	0.999
Waste Water	Results																											Field Resu	lts		4
																							Radium 226 and	Waste Water							
	Boron	Calcium	Chloride	Fluoride	pН	Sulfate	TDS	Antimony	Arsenic		Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium	Cobalt	Lead	Lithium	Mercury	Molybdenum	Selenium	Thallium	Radium 226	Radium 228	228 combined		Temp	pН	REDOX	Conductance	Turbidity (NTUs)	DO	TDS
SI-U-1	0	136	824	0.38	7.71	281	1850	0	0.00981	0.0599	0	0	0	0	0	0.277	0	0	0	0	0.19	1.61	1.61	SI-U-1	16.51	7.63	-12	3290	0.1	0.78	2.11
WW-U-1	1.41	311	1010	0	7.37	588	5720	0	0.00594	0.0419	0	0	0.00166	0	0	0.485	0	0.00689	0.0077	0	-0.08	1.42	1.42	WW-U-1	16.11	7.19	14	8000	2.8	1.93	5.04
WW-U-2	1.02	346	2020	0	7.3	855	4400	0	0.00735	0.0499	0	0	0	0	0	0.54	0	0.00317	0.011	0	-0.2	1.36	1.36	WW-U-2	16.06	7.38	22	7390	0.6	1.32	4.66
WWC-1	13.2	473	4940	0.292	7.42	3570	14900	0	0.0264	0.0205	0	0	0	0	0	0.974	0.000278	0.0113	0.016	0	0.23	0.9	0.9	WWC-1	15.13	6.79	36	1910	0	3.67	11.8
WWC-2	0	57.6	349	0.427	7.99	141	876	0	0.0166	0.0336	0	0	0	0	0	0.126	0	0.00327	0	0	-0.15	0.81	0.81	WWC-2	14.82	7.31	-29	1720	0.3	0.47	1.1
WWC-3	0	33.3	262	0.986	8.13	95.3	776	0	0.0236	0.0331	0	0	0	0	0	0.151	0	0.00477	0	0	3.1	0.58	3.1	WWC-3	15.96	7.72	-244	1420	0	0.2	0.909
WWC-4	1.06	176	968	0.453	7.61	594	3080	0	0.0154	0.0456	0	0	0	0	0	0.329	0	0	0.00177	0	0.72	0.57	0	WWC-4	14.38	7.21	-34	4460	0	2.35	2.86